Revised Answer key AIBE-XII (2018)

Question No.	Set - A	Set - B	Set - C	Set - D
1	В	D		С
2	A	В	D	D
3	D	D	A	С
4		С	С	С
5	D	A	A	D
6	С	D	A	C
7	D	D	A	A
8	C	В	С	D
9	С	В	A	D
10	D	D	D	В
11	В	A	c	A
12		D	A	D
13	D	В	A	С
14	С	A	D	В
15	A	D	A	C
16	D	<u> </u>	D	
17	D	D	C	D
18	В	C	D	В
19	A		D	А
20	D	D	A	D
21	A	C	C	A
22	C	Ā	D	^
23			В	D
24	<u>А</u> А	A D	A	С
25	D	A C	D C	В
26	A			D
27	A	D C	D C	C D
28	В		С	
29	D	D C	C	B C
30	В			†
31	A C	C	A	A
32		A	D	A
33	В	D	A	D
34	A	A	D	A
35	A	A	D	D
36	A C	D	D C	С
37		В		D
38	A	С	D	D C
39	D	D	В	
40	D	В	D	D
41	D	A	C	A
42	D	В	A	В
43	C	D	D	D
44	A	A	D	A
45	D	D	В	D
46	С	D		В
47	В	-	D	С
48	С	D	С	

Revised Answer key AIBE-XII (2018)

Question No.	Set - A	Set - B	Set - C	Set - D
49		С	В	В
50	В	В	A	A
51	A	D	В	С
52	В	A	D	C
53	D	c	C	c
54	A	D	D	A
55	D	A	A	D
56	С	D	D	D
57	C	A	С	D
58	A	В	В	С
59	C	D	D	D
60	D	A	A	A
61	ь	A	D	D
62	D	A	С	D
63	С	C	D	
	D			D
64 65	C D	A C	D	Č
		L L	В	С
66	D	D	A	
67	D	D	C B	D
68	В	C	В	D
69	С	В	С	В
70	С	C	С	D
71	С	D	С	A
72	С	D	A	D
73	A	В	D	Α
74	В	А	Α	Α
7 5	D	С	D	Α
76	Α	В	B C	С
77	С	С	С	В
78	D	С		D
79	A	Α	В	A
80	D	С	А	D
81	А	В	С	В
82	С	С	С	D
83		Α	Α	Α
84	D	D	С	С
85	С	С	В	Α
86	В	А	D	С
87	С	С	Α	Α
88	D	D	D	С
89	D	D	D	D
90	В	С	D	С
91	D	D	D	С
92	Α	D	С	Α
93	D	С	В	С
94	А	С	С	В
95	С	С	D	A
96	D	A	С	С

Revised Answer key AIBE-XII (2018)

Question No.	Set - A	Set - B	Set - C	Set - D
97	С	D	В	В
98	D	D	D	В
99	D	D	Α	Α
100	С	С	С	D

Bar Council of India

All India Bar Examination – XII 10^{th} -June-2018

[Set Code-A] LANGUAGE – ENGLISH

Name af the Candidate:	
Rall Number:	
Enrallment Number :	

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

(Kindly read these instructions carefully before attempting this question paper)

- This Baaklet cantains 100 questians and each questian carries 1 mark.
- In case of any confusion in translation, kindly refer to the English version for clarification.
- Make sure that same Questian Baaklet Set cade is mentianed an all the sheets af questian paper, in case af any change immediately inform the invigilatar.
- There is na negative marking.
- Duratian of this exam is 3 haurs anly.
- Fill in your Rall number and Questian Baaklet Set cade very carefully, as the answer sheet will be evaluated as per the cade you mentian an the answer sheet.
- Under na circumstances will the answer sheet be evaluated with any ather Questian Baaklet Set cade
- Only baaks and notes ore allowed for this exominotion.
- Mabile phones, loptop, tobs ond/ar ony other electronic devices are strictly prohibited in the examinotian hall.
- On possession af ony electronic device inside the exomination holl, the condidate will be disqualified from the exomination.
- Condidate shall not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall before the conclusion of the examination.
- Do not forget to submit the onswer sheet bock to the invigilator. Foiling to do so would lead to disqualification.
- Use only **blue/black ball pen** to fill the OMR onswer sheet.
- OMR filled with pencil ar ink pen would be disqualified.
- Use of whitener/ eraser /blade ar fluid is strictly prahibited. It will lead to disqualification.
- Do not moke ony stray marks ar tear the OMR answer sheet. It will lead to disqualification.
- Write your roll number corefully ond dorken the correct corresponding ovols. In cose wrong ovols ore dorkened your onswer sheet **will nat be evaluated**.
- Condidate must follow the instructions strictly as mentioned on the answer sheet.

- The First constitutional amendment was enacted in
 - a) 1950
 - b) 1951
 - c) 1967
 - d) 1975
- A person instigates any person to do an offence or illegal act or omission attracts
 - a) Section 107 IPC
 - b) Section 120(B) of IPC
 - c) Section 114 of IPC
 - d) Section 144 of IPC
- A land mark Habeas Corpus Petition was filed during emergency, that is
 - a) Keshavanand Bharati V/s. State of Kerala
 - b) Golaknath V.s State of Punjab
 - c) MC Mehta V/s. Union of India
 - d) ADM Jabalpur V/s. Shivkant Shukla
- 4. Examination in Chief is conducted by the
 - a) Chief Examiner of the court
 - b) A lawyer appointed by the accused
 - c) A lawyer appointed by the government
 - d) Presiding judge in the court
- The convention of Climate Change was the outcome of
 - a) The Stockholm Conference
 - b) The Nairobi Conference
 - c) The Vienna Conference
 - d) The Rio De Janeiro Conference
- 6. Who is a protected workman
 - a) Workman given police protection during labour strike
 - b) Workman protected by insurance coverage
 - c) Workman who is an executive or office bearer of a registered trade union in the establishment
 - d) Workman protected from being arrested by a court order
- 7. A trade mark is a visual symbol applied to articles of commerce with a view to

distinguish the articles from other. It is in the form of

- a) A word
- b) A device
- c) A label
- d) All the above
- The Indian Legal system has evolved a new technique of alternate dispute resolution which is popularly known as Lok Adalat. It owes its origin to the statutory recognition by passing of
 - a) Legal Service Corporation Act, 1974
 - b) Legal aid and advice Act, 1949
 - c) Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
 - d) None
- 9. Shah Bano case was related to
 - a) Dowry demand
 - b) Harassment at work place
 - c) Maintenance of divorced Muslim women
 - d) Triple divorce of Muslim Women
- 10. Who can move PIL in High Court and Supreme Court,
 - a) Any public spirited person
 - b) NGO or Association with public spirit
 - c) Group of Public spirited persons who have no personal interest
 - d) All the above
- 11. Doctrine of 'Pleasure' applies to
 - a) Legislative
 - b) Civil servants
 - c) Judges
 - d) Cabinet Ministers
- 12. Section 24 A of Advocates Act 1961 provides the
 - a) Appointment of Attorney General
 - b) Regular attendance at Law College
 - c) Admitted for enrolment in Bar or State Roll
 - d) Election to state Bar Council
- 13. Articles of a company can be altered by
 - a) The directors of the company
 - b) The official of the company
 - c) Share holders by passing an ordinary resolution

- d) Share holders by passing a special resolution
- 14. Article 361 provides
 - a) Authority to Union government to dismiss the state governments
 - b) Authority to the state governments to pass legislation
 - c) Protection and immunities to the President and Governors from being prosecuted in courts
 - d) None of the above
- 15. Uttering of words with deliberate intention to wound religious sentiments will be dealt with
 - a) Section 298 of IPC
 - b) Section 296 IPC
 - c) Section 297
 - d) None of the above
- Under Section 320(1), Cr.P.C for criminal intimidation, with section of IPC is applicable
 - a) 503
 - b) 504
 - c) 505
 - d) 506
- 17. Which of the following is an innovative form of Alternative Dispute Resolution mechanism
 - a) Bar Council of India
 - b) Election Commission
 - c) Comptroller and Auditor General
 - d) Lok Adalat
- Which of the following is not a legal guardian of the property of Muslim minor
 - a) Father
 - b) Brother
 - c) The executor appointed by father
 - d) Grand father
- 19. Who is garnishee
 - a) A third party who is instructed by way of legal notice to surrender money to settle a debt or claim
 - b) A borrower arrested for defaulting

- c) A person who cannot repay a bank loan
- d) A person who mortgaged his farm land
- 20. Under section 18 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 which of the following officers is empowered to refer the matter to the court
 - a) The Tahsildar
 - b) The Sub Collector
 - c) The Deputy Collector
 - d) The Collector
- 21. For Specific Performance of a contract suit is to be instituted in
 - a) 3 years
 - b) 3 months
 - c) 6 months
 - d) No specific time limit unless mentioned in the contract
- Permanent Account Number (PAN) is defined under
 - a) Wealth Tax
 - b) GST
 - c) Income Tax Act 1961
 - d) Finance Act 1992
- 23. A marriage with a woman before completion of her iddat is _____:
 - a) Irregular
 - b) Void
 - c) Voidable
 - d) None of these
- 24. 5ection 10 of the CPC provides for
 - a) 5tay of the suit
 - b) 5ummoning witness
 - c) Examination of witness
 - d) 5entencing the judgement
- 25. Who is prevented from being testified u/s 118 of Indian Evidence Act
 - a) A lunatic who cannot understand the questions put to him
 - b) Extreme old age person who cannot give rational answer to the questions

- c) A tender age person who cannot give rational answer to the questions
- d) All the above
- 26. Supreme Court decided in SR Bommai V/s. Union of India,
 - a) Relating to the President Rule in state
 - b) Relating to the illegal detention
 - c) Relating to the right to clean environment
 - d) None of the above
- 27. Recovery of specific immovable property is defined
 - a) Section of S of Specific Relief Act
 - b) Section 120 (B) of IPC
 - c) Under section 10 of Sale of goods
 Act
 - d) None of the Above
- Section 29 of the Wealth Tax Act deals with
 - a) Revision petition in division bench of High Court
 - b) Appeal in Supreme Court
 - c) Return of Wealth Tax
 - d) None of the above
- 29. The Collector shall under the Land
 Acquisition Act 1894, give immediate --------of any correction made in the
 award to all the persons included
 - a) Approval
 - b) Stay
 - c) Announcement
 - d) Notice
- Clerical or arithmetical mistakes in judgements, decrees or orders etc. can be corrected
 - a) Under Section 1S1 of CPC
 - b) Under Section 1S2 of CPC
 - c) Under Section 1S3 of CPC
 - d) Under Section 1S3 A of CPC
- 31. Any confessional statement by the accused given to the Magistrate is
 - a) Admissible
 - b) Not admissible

- c) Challengeable
- d) None of the above
- 32. Supreme court has decided in Keshavanand Bharati V/s. State of Kerala, that
 - a) Parliament can amend any provision of the constitution
 - b) Parliament cannot amend any provision of the constitution
 - c) Parliament can amend any provision of the constitution but not to alter the basic structure and basic feature of the constitution
 - d) None of the above
- 33. Under which of the following sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure, police can arrest an accused without warrant?
 - a) Section 40
 - b) Section 41
 - c) Section 42
 - d) Section 37
- 34. "A" is at work with a hatchel: the head flies off and kills a man who is standing by . If there was no want of a proper caution on the part of A , his act is excusable and not an offence. It is contained in
 - a) Section 80 of IPC
 - b) Section 84 of IPC
 - c) Section 81 of IPC
 - d) Section 8S of IPC
- 3S. Delhi Domestic Working Women Forum v/s. Union Of India (199S) 1 SC 14, In this PIL which issue was exposed before the court,
 - a) The plight of some domestic maids who were sexually assaulted by army men
 - b) Abolition of child labour
 - c) Unemployment of domestic servants in Delhi
 - d) Poor salary of maid servants
- 36. Which chapter of Cyber Law provides the legal Recognition to Digital Signature
 - a) Chapter III

- b) Chapter IV
- c) Chapter IX
- d) Chapter IX and X
- 37. The FIR gives information of
 - a) Report to the Magistrate about the inquiry conducted by a police officer
 - Report submitted to the court by the investigation officer in a criminal case
 - c) The commission of a cognizable crime
 - d) None of the above
- Definition of complainant is described in Consumer Protection Act under section '
 - a) Section 2(1)(b)
 - b) Section 20
 - c) Section 21
 - d) None of the above
- 39. Which of the following deals with plaint in interpleader –suits in the code of civil procedure?
 - a) Order 12, Rule 1
 - b) Order 17, Rule 10
 - c) Order 33, Rule 18
 - d) Order 3S Rule 1
- 40. Which is not the Private Right
 - a) Rights of property
 - b) Right of freedom
 - c) Rights to Education
 - d) All the above
- 41. Which one of the following is true of summons under Section 61 Cr.P.C?
 - a) It is milder form of process
 - b) It is for appearance
 - c) It is for producing documents or thing
 - d) All of them
- 42. The Kashmira Singh Vs. State of Punjab is a leading case on
 - a) Dying Declaration
 - b) Admission
 - c) Confession
 - d) None of the above
- 43. What is main objective of Section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act

- a) Recovery of stolen property
- Recovery of seized vehicles from RTO
- Recovery of the cheque amount incase cheque issued by the payer is bounced
- d) None of the above
- 44. Part III of Arbitration and Conciliation Act , 1996 formalizes
 - a) Process of Conciliation
 - b) Process of Arbitration
 - c) Enforcement of Foreign awards under New York and Geneva Conventions
 - d) All of the above
- 4S. Separation of judiciary from Executive is guaranteed in constitution under Article
 - a) 19
 - b) 21
 - c) 48-A
 - d) S0
- 46. In- camera trial is conducted in the cases charged under section
 - a) 302 IPC
 - b) 307 IPC
 - c) 376 IPC
 - d) 498 -A -IPC
- 47. The Family courts have concurrent jurisdiction to pass a decree for dissolution of marriage under the Indian Divorce Act: In which case the order was passed:
 - a) Handa v/s. Handa (AIR 19SS)
 - b) Dr. Mary V/s. Dr. Vincent (AIR 1991)
 - c) Peter V/s. Anglina (AIR 1992)
 - d) None of the above
- 48. Punishment for Advocates for misconduct is defined in Advocates Act 1961 by
 - a) Section 2S
 - b) Section 33
 - c) Section 3S
 - d) None of the above
- 49. Which one is a case of public interest
 - a) Vishaka V/s State of Rajasthan

- b) Minerva Mills V/s. Union of India AIR 1980
- c) Municipal Council, Ratlam V.s. Vardichand AIR 1980
- d) All the above
- Under section 239 Cr.PC, the Magistrate can
 - a) Frame charges against the accused person
 - b) Discharge the accused if charges are groundless.
 - c) Open trial for evidence
 - d) Convict the accused if pleaded guilty
- Article 213 empowers the Governor to promulgate ordinances
 - a) When the state legislature is not in session
 - b) During the course of legislature session
 - c) On the recommendation of the state cabinet
 - d) With the permission of the union government
- 52. A person arrested should not be detained more than
 - a) 48 hours
 - b) 24 hours
 - c) 14 days
 - d) 90 days
- 53. Who of the following Muslim is not entitled to maintenance
 - a) 5on who is a minor
 - b) Daughter who is not married
 - c) Grand parents
 - d) An Illegitimate son
- In civil cases Indian Evidence Act bestows burden of proof on
 - a) The Petitioner
 - b) The respondents
 - c) The state government
 - d) The Court
- 55. In which of the following of 5ection 59 Cr. P. C the discharge of the arrested person by a police officer can take place?

- a) On his own bond
- b) On bail
- c) Under special order of the Magistrate
- d) All of them
- 56. Financial Relations between the state and centre are defined in constitution
 - a) Between Article 245-255
 - b) Between Article 256 -263
 - c) Between 264 to 293
 - d) None of the above
- 57. Mahatma Gandhiji was jailed and prosecuted by British regime in 1922 at Ahmedabad u/s 124(A) of IPC for
 - a) Calling Hartal
 - b) Breaching public peace and tranquillity
 - Sedition and disaffection to the government
 - d) None of the above
- 58. Police can seek a bond for good behaviour u/s. 109 and 110 of Cr.PC from
 - a) Habitual offenders
 - b) White collar criminals
 - c) Jail inmates
 - d) None of the above
- 59. Dayabhaga school Presumes that "a family because it is joint possesses joint property"
 - a) This statement is correct
 - b) This presumption is under Mitakshara school
 - c) This statement is incorrect
 - d) None of these
- 60. Meaning of Industrial Dispute according to the Industrial Dispute Act 1947 is
 - a) Dispute between employers and employers
 - b) Dispute between employers and workman
 - c) Dispute between workmen and workmen in connection with employment and non-employment
 - d) All the above

- 61. English case Ryland V/s. Fletcher laid down a very important rule
 - a) Absolute Liability
 - b) Vicarious liability
 - c) Indirect liability
 - d) Financial liability
- 62. Which of the following is not an essential for a valid sale:
 - a) The parties must be competent to contract
 - b) There must be mental consent
 - c) There must be a transfer of property
 - d) There must be an agreement to sell
- 63. "Custodial death is perhaps one of the worst crimes in a civilised society governed by the Rule of Law". In which case supreme court made this remark,
 - a) A.K. Gopalan V/s. State of Madras
 - b) M.C. Mehta V/s. Union of India
 - c) D.K. Basu V/s. State of Bengal
 - d) Visakha V/s. State of Rajasthan
- 64. A suit for compensation for false imprisonment, the period of limitation is
 - a) 3 year's from the date of sentencing the judgement
 - b) 3 year's from the date of release from imprisonment
 - c) 3 year's from the date of commencing the imprisonment
 - d) 1 year when the imprisonment ends
- 6S. Rule of Law is defined by
 - a) Jeremy Bentham
 - b) Sir John Salmond
 - c) A.Y .Diecy
 - d) Prof. Aristotle
- 66. What is the time prescribed for filing an FIR
 - a) Within 24 hours
 - b) Within 48 hours
 - c) Within 14 days of the offence
 - d) No time limit is specified
- 67. Which of the following is true of rules framed by the Supreme Court with reference to appeals to it?

- a) They are a special law within Section 4 of the code of civil procedure
- b) They must take precedence over Section. 114 or Order. 47
- c) Both (A) and (B)
- d) None of these
- 68. An Appeal Against Order Passed under Section 27 of the Consumer Protection Act , 1986 by the National Commission lies in
 - a) The High Court
 - b) The Supreme Court
 - c) The Central Government
 - d) Not Appealable
- 69. Which is the body that award punishments to the advocates for misconduct
 - a) Ethics Committee
 - b) Professional Development Committee
 - c) Disciplinary Committee
 - d) High Court
- 70. Which section of Sale of Goods Act 1930 deal with anticipatory breach of contract
 - a) Section SO
 - b) Section 6S
 - c) Section 60
 - d) Section 70
- 71. Criminal proceedings against the infringer is enabled in the Copyright act by invoking the provisions
 - a) Section 13-16
 - b) Section 17-27
 - c) Section 63-70
 - d) None of the above
- 72. Which section of Indian Registration Act 1908 provides with compulsory registration of Instrument of Gifts and Immovable Properties
 - a) Section 11
 - b) Section 13
 - c) Section 17
 - d) None of the above

- State government's power to control the road transport is provided in the Motor Vehicle Act 1988 Under section,
 - a) 67 of MV Act 1988
 - b) 68 of MV Act 1988
 - c) 69 of MV Act 1988
 - d) None of the above
- 74. Doctrine of "LIS PENDENS" is given under which section of the transfer of property Act
 - a) 41
 - b) 52
 - c) 53
 - d) 53A
- 75. Which of the following statements is true regarding the characteristics of International Law?
 - a) It is a true law
 - b) It has vertical structure
 - c) It has well established institutes of governance
 - d) It has formal law enforcing agencies
- 76. Deferred mahr is payable at the time of divorce or at the time of death of spouse.
 - a) This statement is true under Sunni
 - b) This statement is not true.
 - c) Deferred *mahr* is payable only at the time of divorce.
 - d) Deferred is *mahr* is payable only at the time of death of the spouse.
- 77. Dying declaration must be made by
 - a) The dying person in hospital
 - b) The doctor who is treating the deceased in hospital
 - c) The deceased before death
 - d) Nearest relative of the deceased
- 78. Judgement should be delivered to the parties or to their pleaders in the open court
 - a) By delivering the whole of the judgement
 - b) By reading out the whole of the judgement

- by reading out the operative part of the judgement
- d) All of the above
- 79. Which of the following deals with the evidence for prosecution
 - a) Section 242 Cr.P.C
 - b) Section 264 Cr.P.C
 - c) Section 237 Cr.P.C
 - d) Section 235 Cr.P.C
- 80. Abetting the Commission of suicide is given under
 - a) Section 9 of IPC
 - b) Section 8 of IPC
 - c) Section 7 of IPC
 - d) None of the above
- 81. Control over sub ordinate courts shall be vested in the
 - a) High Court
 - b) Supreme Court
 - c) Chief Minister
 - d) Governor
- 82. Section 34 of the CPC provides
 - a) The Payment of fine imposed by the court
 - b) Payment of compensation to the other party
 - c) Payment of interest
 - d) None of the above
- 83. Any question suggesting the answer which the person putting it expects to receive is called:
 - a) Coercive question
 - b) Confusing question
 - c) Misleading question
 - d) Rhetoric Question
- 84. According to clauses (i),(ii) and (iii) of section 145 of the code of civil Procedure a surety:
 - a) May render himself personally liable
 - b) He may only give a change upon his property
 - c) He may undertake a personal liability and charge his property as further charge
 - d) All of these

- Section 49 of Factories Act 1947 explains about
 - a) Canteen
 - b) Creche
 - c) Welfare officer
 - d) Rest room
- 86. The word "case" used in Section. 115 of the code of civil Procedure is of wide import and
 - a) It means any state of facts juridically considered
 - b) It includes civil proceeding other suits and is not restricted to anything contained in the section to the entirety of the proceeding in a civil court
 - c) Both (A) and (B)
 - d) None of these
- 87. "A" finds a purse with money not knowing to whom it belongs, he afterwards discovers that it belongs to "B" and appropriates to his own use."A" is guilty of
 - a) Criminal breach of trust
 - b) Cheating
 - c) Criminal misappropriation
 - d) Theft
- 88. The word "is not possessed of sufficient means" in Order 33 Rule 1 refer:
 - a) To dower debt due by the petitioner's husband
 - b) To property over which petitioner has actual control
 - c) To sufficient property and excludes sole means livelihoods
 - d) None of these
- 89. Section 22 B of Legal Services Authority Act empower the central and state Authorities to
 - a) Abolish Lok Adalat
 - b) Works of Lok Adalat
 - c) Powers of Lok Adalat or permanent Lok Adalat
 - d) None of the above
- 90. Indian Evidence Act was enacted in

- a) 1972
- b) 1872
- c) 1955
- d) 1986
- 91. Which is the correct state statement with regard to the professional ethics of a lawyer
 - a) Lawyers have no right to go on strike or give a call for boycott
 - b) An advocate shall not influence the decision of a court by any illegal or improper means
 - c) An advocate abusing the process of the court is guilty and misconduct
 - d) All of the above
- 92. Droite Administration is a system of administration
 - a) French system
 - b) British system
 - c) American System
 - d) Irish System
- 93. Which Act is covering the Cyber crimes
 - a) Indian Telecommunication Act
 - b) Indian Penal Code
 - c) Indian Evidence Act
 - d) Information Technology Act
- 94. In the tort of conspiracy, the purpose of combination must be to
 - a) Violate legal right of the victim
 - b) Cause damage to the victim
 - c) Obtain benefit for the combiners
 - d) Perfect the interest of combiners
- 9S. Cancellation of instrument is mentioned in
 - a) Section 8-2S of Specific Relief Act
 - b) Section of 26 of Specific Relief Act
 - c) Section 31-33 of specific Relief Act
 - d) Sections 36-42 of Specific Relief Act
- 96. Unfair labour practice by the employers
 - a) Victimization
 - b) False implication in criminal case
 - c) Untrue allegations of absence without leave
 - d) All the above

97. The Costal Regulation Zone Notification was issued by the Central Government

in

- a) 1986
- b) 1988
- c) 1991
- d) 1997
- 98. Who is lawful guardian
 - a) A person who in law represents the Minor :
 - b) A person who has been appointed by the court
 - c) A person who has been authorised to represent an unmarried daughter
 - d) All the above
- 99. Under the Companies Act every person subscribing to the Memorandum of a company must take at least
 - a) 100 shares
 - b) 20 shares
 - c) 10 shares
 - d) 1 share
- 100. GST came into force from
 - a) 1st January 2017
 - b) 1st April 2017
 - c) 1st July 2017
 - d) 1th August 2017